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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/744,950	06/18/2001	Donald R. Ricci	13202.00267	6067	
27160	7590 11/04/2004		EXAMINER		
PATENT ADMINSTRATOR KATTEN MUCHIN ZAVIS ROSENMAN			MAIORINO, ROZ		
525 WEST MONROE STREET SUITE 1600			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3763		
CHICAGO,	IL 60661-3693	•	DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004	DATE MAILED: 11/04/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/744,950	RICCI ET AL.	
		Examiner	Art Unit	
	,	Roz Maiorino	3763	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
•	Since this application is in condition for allowar	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	ion of Claims		ı	
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 61-91 and 116-120 is/are pending in the same state of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 61-91 and 116-120 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.		
Applicati	ion Papers			
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	diffilier. Note the attached Office	Action of form P10-132.	
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachmen	t(s)			
1) Notic 2) Notic 3) Infor	te of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date 。	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

1. Claims 61-69, 73-81, 85-91, 116-120 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent No. 6692483 to Vardi et al.

Vardi teaches a an endocardial cardiac lead comprising a catheter, a guidewire; and an endovascular sleeve comparing a first tubular passage and a second tubular passageway fixed with respect to one another the first tubular passageway comprising a first distal end and a first proximal end, the second tubular passageway comprising a

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second distal end and a second distal end, the first distal end extending beyond than the second distal end to define a junction with abuts against a crotch in the bifurcated body passageway; said guidewire being disposed in the first tubular passageway and the second tubular passageway is free of any guidewire. The first and second passages both have a substantially circular cross-section. The tubular passageways are each constructed of a material having sufficient integrity to be navigated though tortuous body passageway. And Y-shuttle stent assembly with a radiopaque marker, a bifurcated stent,

2. Claims 61, 64-69, 73-81, 85-91, 116-120 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent NO. 6251133 to Richter et al.

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Richter teaches a an endocardial cardiac lead comprising a catheter, a guidewire; and an endovascular sleeve comparing a first tubular passage and a second tubular passageway fixed with respect to one another the first tubular passageway comprising a first distal end and a first proximal end, the second tubular passageway comprising a second distal end and a second distal end, the first distal end extending beyond than the second distal end to define a junction with abuts against a crotch in the bifurcated body passageway; said guidewire being disposed in the first tubular passageway and the second tubular passageway is free of any guidewire. The first and second passages both have a substantially circular cross-section. The tubular passageways are each constructed of a material having sufficient integrity to be navigated though tortuous body passageway.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 70-72 and 82-84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being 3. unpatentable over US Patent No. 6692483 to Vardi et al., or US Patent NO. 6251133 to Richter et al and further in view of US Patent No.5830196 to Hicks.

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As mentioned above both Vardi and Richter teach the claimed invention except for a first and second tubular passages having a chamfered shaped distal ends. Hicks teaches a tapered and reinforced catheter

Therefore it would have been an obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have add the Chamfered shape because the tapered or chamfered shape at the tip of the sleeve or catheter minimizes insertion trauma in to the lumen. (Abstract)

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 61-91, 116-120have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Roz Maiorino whose telephone number is 703-305-2336. The examiner can normally be reached on 9am-5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nicholas Lucchesi can be reached on 703-308-2698. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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